# Toward Active Learning in Data Selection: Automatic Discovery of <br> Language Features During Elicitation 

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## Feature Detection

- Grammatemes* - Language features that express grammatical meanings (such as number, person, tense)
- Given a set of grammatemes and a structured corpus, can we determine if these grammatemes are expressed in a particular language?
- e.g. Answers "Does this language distinguish singular nouns from plural nouns?" ("And if so, how?")
* Source: Alena Böhmová, Silvie Cinková, Eva Hajičová. Annotation on the tectogrammatical layer in the Prague Dependency Treebank. 2005.


## Feature Detection

The dog sleeps<br>((num sg)...)<br>The dogs sleep<br>((num dl)...)<br>The dogs sleep<br>((num pl)...)

## Feature Detection



## Feature Detection



## Data Selection

- Given many potential training examples, select the ones that will help the target system most
- Many Uses - Seen in Speech Recognition, Speech Synthesis, and Machine Translation
- Corpus Navigation: Not all data is relevant for all languages
- Helps when money or time is limited
- e.g. Small Domains, MT Emergencies, and Minority Languages


## Data Selection



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## Elicitation Corpus Entry

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aligned: $\quad((1,1),(2,2),(3,3),(4,4))$
fstruct: [f1]([f2](actor ((gender f)(anim human)(num sg))) [f3](undergoer ((person 3) (num dl))) (tense pres))
cstruct: $\quad[n 1](S 1$ [n2](S [n3](NP [n4](NNP Maria)) [n5](VP [n6](VBZ bakes) [n7](NP [n8](NNS cookies)))))
phimap: $\quad$ phi(n1)=f1; phi(n3)=f2; phi(n7)=f3;
headmap: $h(n 1)=n 2 ; h(n 2)=n 5 ; h(n 3)=n 4 ; h(n 4)=n 4$; $h(n 5)=n 6 ; h(n 6)=n 6 ; h(n 7)=n 8 ; h(n 8)=n 8 ;$

## Example Deduction Rule

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(rule (sentences (A (aspect perfective))
    (B (aspect progressive)))
    (overlap on)
    (if 0.6 (different
        (target-lex (fnode (A)))
        (target-lex (fnode (B))))
        (then (WALS "Perfective/Imperfective Aspect"
        "Grammatical marking")))
```


## Example Deduction Rule

```
# Perfective/Imperfective Aspect
(rule (sentences (A (aspect perfective))
                                    (B (aspect progressive)))
(overlap on)
(if 0.6 (different
    (target-lex (fnode (A)))
    (target-lex (fnode (B))))
    (then (WALS "Perfective/Imperfective Aspect"
(if 0.4 (same "Grammatical marking")))
    (target-lex (fnode (A)))
    (target-lex (fnode (B))))
(then (WALS "Perfective/Imperfective Aspect"
                                    "No grammatical marking")))
```


## Feature Detection Experiment

- Corpus of 60 Spanish-English sentences

100\%

- Tried to identify 21 features from the World Atlas of Language Structures



## Toward Corpus Navigation

- Not all data is relevant for every language
- Performed while a linguistically naive bilingual person translates sentences in GUI
- After eliciting each sentence:
* Apply feature detection
* Choose the most valuable sentence to elicit next
- Leverages knowledge from Greenbergian Implicational Universals (from Hal Daume's database learned from WALS)


## Other Applications

- Learning feature-annotated closed-class morphemes
- Factored MT
- Selection of data for automatic grammar induction for syntactic and hybrid MT systems
- Aid for linguistics field work


## Language Resources

- Result of Corpus Navigation is:
I. A resource dense with the "right" features

2. Highly structured; each language feature is linked with sentences that illustrate it
3. Word-aligned, feature-annotated sentences useful for studying divergences and MT

## Toward Active Learning in Data Selection:

 Automatic Discovery of Language Features During Elicitation
## Questions?

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## WALS Features for Experiment

| Gender Distinctions in Independent <br> Personal Pronouns | Position of Interrogative Phrases in Content <br> Questions |
| :---: | :---: |
| Nominal and Locational Predication | Position of Pronominal Possessive Affixes |
| Occurrence of Nominal Plurality | Position of Tense-Aspect Affixes |
| Order of Adjective and Noun | Inclusive/Exclusive Distinction in Independent |
| Pronouns |  |

## Production Predicates

fnode
in-order
source-lex
target-lex
*-uhead
*-ihead
same
present
not-present

## Elicitation Corpus Availability

- Included in LDC's Less Commonly Taught Languages (LCTL) Language Packs
- I3 languages have already been translated by the LDC
- Urdu language pack used in this year's NIST MT Eval
- Bengali queued for general release this year

